# **ASSESSING THE BIODIVERSITY IMPACT OF UBC'S FOOD PROCUREMENT ACTIVITIES**

Replicating the Nature Positive Universities framework



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# **Food production contributes** disproportionately to biodiversity decline and is responsible for:



70% of freshwater use



40% of all land converted for ag



90% of deforestation

CO<sub>2</sub>

# WHAT WE DID



Analyzed data from **UBC Food Services** 

For food procurement in 2022, documenting data availability



Quantified environmental impacts of UBC's food procurement

Using Oxford's assessment methods (Bull et al. 2018, Taylor et al. 2022)



Evaluated replicability of Oxford's framework

And provided suggestions for robust future studies at additional universities



Created recommendations

For UBC to reduce its foodrelated biodiversity impacts



As a part of the **Nature Positive** 

committed to assessing and

Universities global network, UBC has

monitoring its biodiversity footprint



≈ GHG of Saint Lucia (Caribbean nation)

Oxford's GHG footprint



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# **HOW WE DID IT**

 Matched UBC food products with foods in Oxford's environmental impacts of food database using:



Poore and Nemecek 2018 database and Clark et al. 2022 methods

- 2. Calculated mid-point impacts
- 3. Converted to **end-point** impacts using model ReCiPe

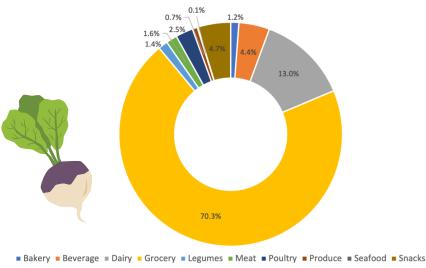
### Mid-Point Environmental **Impacts**

- Greenhouse gas emissions
- Land use
- Water use
- Eutrophication
- Acidification (atmosphere)

#### **End-Point Impacts**

Cumulative proportion of local species loss as a result of midpoint impacts

#### % OF TOTAL BIODIVERSITY IMPACT, BY ITEM CATEGORY



# RESULTS

UBC procured the most grocery and beverage products by weight

Grocery and dairy categories had the highest mid-point and biodiversity impacts

> Meat, poultry and dairy had the highest per-kilo impacts

# We were able to replicate Oxford's framework with some challenges



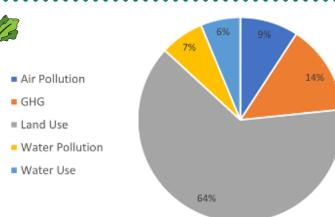
Only 1 year of procurement data



No consumption or waste data



Imperfect and/or impossible matches



Land use had the greatest impact on biodiversity loss, led by grocery and dairy



## **Recommendations:**

- Better organization + documentation of procurement data, e.g. groceries → specific categories
- Change RFP for vendors to require more information about food products
- Expansion of food impacts database to increase local nuance
- Engage students on consumption choices, especially re: meat, poultry and dairy impacts
- Investigate the benefits of buying local and/or organic
- Consumption and waste analysis for smarter procurement; analysis of sectors beyond food